

| | longitudo | latitudo | LIBER | | longitudo | latitudo |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Necla | 68 | 29 $\frac{2}{3}$ | | Adda | 77 $\frac{1}{12}$ | 34 |
| Cletharro | 67 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ | | Pacoria | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 34 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Moca | 68 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 29 $\frac{1}{3}$ | | Teridata | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 35 |
| Esbuta | 69 $\frac{2}{3}$ | 30 $\frac{1}{3}$ | | Naarda | 77 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 35 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Ziza | 69 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ | | Siphara | 78 $\frac{1}{6}$ | 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Maguza | 68 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 30 $\frac{1}{3}$ | | Euphrates in amne p | | Babylonia fluete scindit |
| M edaua | 69 | 29 $\frac{1}{3}$ | | & p Seleucia: & q i medio ipoz est Regius flu. | | appellat: ei scissiois situs. 79 |
| Lydia | 70 | 30 $\frac{1}{6}$ | | S eleucia ciuitas | 79 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 35 $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| Rhamathmom | 68 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 29 $\frac{2}{3}$ | | Iuxta autem Tigrim fluuium ciuitates hea: sunt | | |
| Anitha | 69 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ | | Dorbeta | 76 | 38 |
| Suratha | 70 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ | | Sapha | 76 | 37 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| B ostralegion | 71 | 31 | | Debba | 76 | 37 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Messada | 70 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 31 | | Syngara | 76 | 37 |
| Adra | 70 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 30 $\frac{1}{3}$ | | Betoum | 77 | 36 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Corace | 68 | 30 $\frac{1}{6}$ | | L ambana | 77 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Birtha | 78 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Cathara | 79 | 36 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Manchana | 79 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 36 |
| | | | | Et post Seleuciam | | |
| | | | | Scapha | 79 $\frac{1}{12}$ | 34 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Apamea | 79 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 34 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Sub qua commixtio Regii fluuii cum Tigride | | est/prope mediam Regionem |
| | | | | In alia autem media Regione ciuitates hea: | | |
| | | | | Bythias | 72 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 38 |
| | | | | E desa olim Anthiochia | 73 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Ombraea | 73 | 37 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Ammæa | 73 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Suma | 74 | 37 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Rhisina | 73 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| | | | | Olibera | 73 $\frac{1}{12}$ | 37 |
| | | | | Sararra | 74 | 38 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| | | | | Sacana | 73 | 38 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| | | | | Arxama | 74 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| | | | | Gizama | 74 $\frac{1}{12}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Sinna | 73 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Mambuta | 74 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 37 $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| | | | | N isibis | 75 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| | | | | Bithiga | 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| | | | | Bazala | 75 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 36 $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| | | | | Auladis | 73 | 36 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Ballatha | 74 | 36 $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| | | | | Carrhae | 73 $\frac{2}{3}$ | 36 |
| | | | | Tirtha | 73 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Thengubis | 74 $\frac{2}{3}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Orthaga | 74 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 36 |
| | | | | Eleia | 74 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| | | | | Zama | 75 $\frac{1}{12}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Sinna | 76 $\frac{1}{6}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| | | | | Gorbatha | 77 | 36 |
| | | | | Dabaua | 76 | 36 |
| | | | | Bariana | 77 $\frac{2}{3}$ | 36 |
| | | | | Acraba | 73 $\frac{1}{6}$ | 36 |
| | | | | Aphadana | 74 | 35 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Rhesana | 74 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 35 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| | | | | Peliala | 75 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 35 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| | | | | Aluanis | 74 | 35 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| | | | | Bimatra | 76 $\frac{1}{6}$ | 35 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | | | Daremma | 76 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 35 |

MESOPOTAMIAE SITVS.

Cap. XVIII.

Mesopotamia terminat a septentrione ex
mposita pte Maioris Armenia/ab occa-
su pte notata Euphratis. fl. iuxta Syriã:
ab oriẽte pte Tigridis fl. iuxta Assyriã hoc est a
seccionẽ q iuxta est Armeniã usq; ad Herculis
Aras q gra. hnt. 80 $\frac{1}{2}$ 34 $\frac{1}{3}$ Ameridie reliqua
pte Euphratis/iuxta qdẽ Desertã Arabiã/usq;
finẽ. 76 $\frac{1}{4}$ 33 $\frac{1}{4}$ iuxta autẽ Babyloniã usq; quo
Tigridi amni cõiunigt/ & usq; Aras pdictas:
cuius seccionis gradus sunt. 80 34

Montes in Mesopotamia Celebres sunt

Casius mons cuius medium 74 $\frac{1}{2}$ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$
Singaras mons 77 36 $\frac{1}{2}$

Fluuii qui per Regionẽ excurrũt ex dictis monti-
bus pleriq; & qui Chab oras appellatur cuius
fons gradus habet. 74 37. Coniunctio autẽ
eius cum Euphrate gradus hẽt. 72 $\frac{2}{3}$ 35 $\frac{1}{4}$

Et qui Ascoras dicit/ cuius fontes 75 37 $\frac{1}{2}$
eius cum Euphrate coniunctio 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ 33 $\frac{2}{3}$

Tenẽt autẽ Regionẽ iuxta Armeniã: **ANTEMVSIA**
sub qua **CHALCITIS** subq; hac **GAUZANITIS** &
penes Tigridẽ. fl. **ACABENA** sub Gauzanitis at
INGENA & p lõge iuxta Euphratẽ **ANCOBARITIS**

Ciuitates in Mesopotamia & Villa iuxta quidẽ
Euphratem hea sunt

| | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Porfica | 72 $\frac{1}{12}$ | 37 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| Aniana | 72 $\frac{1}{12}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Barsampfa | 72 $\frac{1}{12}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Sarmica | 72 | 35 $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| Berfinia | 72 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 35 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Mauba | 72 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 34 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| N icephorium | 73 $\frac{1}{3}$ | 34 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Maguda | 73 $\frac{2}{3}$ | 34 $\frac{1}{12}$ |
| Chabora | 74 | 34 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Thelba | 74 $\frac{1}{6}$ | 34 |
| Aphadana | 74 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Banaba | 74 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Zitha | 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Bethauna | 75 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Rescipha | 75 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Agamna | 76 $\frac{1}{6}$ | 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Eudrapa | 77 | 33 $\frac{2}{3}$ |